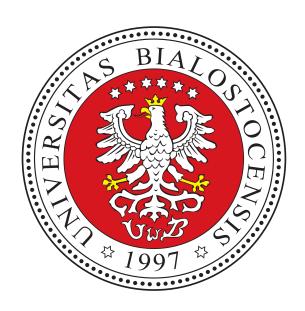
XIV SCHOOL ON GEOMETRY AND PHYSICS

Białystok, Poland 23 June - 27 June 2025



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XIV School on Geometry and Physics is organized by: Faculty of Mathematics, University of Białystok Ciołkowskiego 1M, 15-245 Białystok, Poland

e-mail: wgmp@uwb.edu.pl

LIST OF COURSES

1. **Francisco CORREA SANTANDER** — University of Santiago de Chile, Chile

Geometric pathways: From integrable models to black hole physics

A short course on integrable systems, Chern-Simons theory, and their role in black hole physics.

In this lecture series, I will explore how integrable systems and their defining properties can be given a natural geometric interpretation within the framework of black hole physics.

The first lecture introduces foundational concepts in integrable models, including the Lax pair formalism, the zero curvature condition, and the appearance of hyperelliptic curves in certain nonlinear integrable hierarchies.

The second lecture focuses on Chern–Simons theory, with a detailed discussion of how (2+1)-dimensional gravity with a negative cosmological constant can be reformulated in terms of two $sl(2,\mathbb{R})$ Chern–Simons connections.

In the final lecture, we synthesize the previous ideas to show how the zero curvature condition arising in Chern–Simons gravity provides a geometric language to reinterpret various integrable systems. We will demonstrate how several features of integrable models discussed earlier emerge naturally in the context of integrable black hole solutions and their associated asymptotic symmetries.

2. **Laszlo FEHER** — University of Szeged / Wigner RCP, Budapest, Hungary

Integrable Hamiltonian systems from reductions of doubles of compact Lie groups

We deal with reductions of integrable 'master systems' living on the 'classical doubles' of any semisimple, connected and simply connected compact Lie group G. The doubles in question are the cotangent bundle, the Heisenberg double and the internally fused quasi-Poisson/quasi-Hamiltonian double, each of which carries two natural integrable systems. In the cotangent bundle case, one of the integrable systems is generated by the class functions of G and the other one by the invariant functions of its Lie algebra. The reduction is defined by taking quotientby the cotangent lift of the conjugation action of G on itself, and this generalizes to the other two doubles. The quotient space of the internally fused double represents the moduli space of flat principal G-connections on the torus with a hole. We explain that degenerate integrability of the master systems is inherited on the smooth component of the Poisson quotient corresponding to the principal orbit type for the pertinent G-action, and present explicit formulas for the reduced Poisson structure and equations of motion in terms of dynamical r-matrices after further restriction to a dense open subset.

- Lecture 1. The integrable master systems on the classical doubles and the definition of their Poisson reductions. The warm up case of the cotangent bundle.
- Lecture 2. Degenerate integrability on the Poisson quotient of the Heisenberg double corresponding to the principal orbit type and the interpretation of the reduced systems as Ruijsenaars–Schneider (RS) type many-body models extended by 'spin' degrees of freedom. A detour towards the spin RS models of Krichever and Zabrodin.
- Lecture 3. The case of the quasi-Poisson double. Specific examples on small symplectic leaves for G=SU(n). Ruijsenaars duality in the framework of Hamiltonian reduction. Open problems.

3. **Jean-Pierre GAZEAU** — University of Białystok, Poland

Quantum formalism in lower-dimensional real and complex Hilbert spaces

Key concepts of quantum formalism, including quantum measurement, entanglement, Bell and CSHS inequalities, circuit complexity, open systems, will be presented using simple systems such as light polarization, spin- $\frac{1}{2}$, two-level atoms, colors and more.

4. **Piotr KIELANOWSKI** — University of Białystok, Poland

Renormalization group

The lecture schedule is as follows:

- 1. General discussion of classical and quantum fields.
- 2. Renormalization in quantum field theory.
- 3. Renormalization group.

The discussion will be straightforward and some elementary knowledge of classical and quantum mechanics is assumed. All examples will be based on the scalar quantum field.

5. **Karen STRUNG** – Czech Academy of Sciences, Czech Republic

Graph C^* -algebras and their applications to quantum spaces

This short course will serve as an introduction to C^* -algebras through the lens of graph algebras, with an emphasis on their role as noncommutative topological spaces. After a short introduction to the basics of C^* -algebras, we will show how to construct of C^* -algebras from directed graphs. Graph C^* -algebras are a class of examples which are both rich and tractable. In particular, we will see how the combinatorics of the graph can determine key C^* -algebraic properties such as ideal structure and K-theory.

Building on this foundation, we will explore how certain C^* -algebras arising in noncommutative geometry, which we think of as algebras of functions on "quantum spaces", can be realized within this framework, by considering the C^* -algebras of quantum flag manifolds in the sense of Drinfeld and Jimbo.

LIST OF PARTICIPANTS

1. BARDADYN, Krzysztof

University of Białystok Białystok, Poland kbardadyn@math.uwb.edu.pl

2. BUREŠ, Martin

Prague, Czech Republic martin_bures@email.cz

3. CHANG, Jen-Hsu

National Defense University Tau-Yuan City, Taiwan jhchang@ndu.edu.tw

4. CIEŚLIŃSKI, Jan

University of Białystok Białystok, Poland j.cieslinski@uwb.edu.pl

5. CORREA SANTANDER, Francisco

University of Santiago de Chile Santiago de Chile, Chile francisco.correa.s@usach.cl https://francisco-correa.com/

6. CZYŻYCKI, Tomasz

University of Białystok Białystok, Poland tomczyz@math.uwb.edu.pl

7. DOBROGOWSKA, Alina

University of Białystok Białystok, Poland alina.dobrogowska@uwb.edu.pl

8. FEHER, Laszlo

University of Szeged / Wigner RCP, Budapest Szeged, Hungary Ifeher@physx.u-szeged.hu https://www.staff.u-szeged.hu/~lfeher/

9. GAZEAU, Jean-Pierre

University of Białystok Białystok, Poland j.gazeau@uwb.edu.pl

10. GOLIŃSKI, Tomasz

University of Białystok Białystok, Poland tomaszg@math.uwb.edu.pl https://tomaszg.pl/math

11. HRIVNÁK, Jiří

Czech Technical University in Prague Prague, Czech Republic jiri.hrivnak@fjfi.cvut.cz

12. IKEDA, Yasushi

Sapporo, Japan yasushikeda@yahoo.com

13. JAKIMOWICZ, Grzegorz

University of Białystok Białystok, Poland g.jakimowicz@uwb.edu.pl

14. KIELANOWSKI, Piotr

University of Białystok Białystok, Poland piotr.kielanowski@cinvestav.mx

15. KWAŚNIEWSKI, Bartosz

University of Białystok Białystok, Poland b.kwasniewski@uwb.edu.pl https://math.uwb.edu.pl/~zaf/kwasniewski

16. RADZISZEWSKI, Krzysztof

University of Białystok Białystok, Poland k.radziszewski@uwb.edu.pl

17. SALMEN, Sasa

University of São Paulo São Paulo, Brasil sasinhe@gmail.com

18. SLIŻEWSKA, Aneta

University of Białystok Białystok, Poland anetasl@uwb.edu.pl

19. SOVETNIKOV. Nikolai

University of Tartu Tartu, Estonia nikolai.sovetnikov@ut.ee

20. STRUNG, Karen

Czech Academy of Sciences Prague, Czech Republic strung@math.cas.cz

21. SZAJEWSKA, Marzena

University of Białystok Białystok, Poland m.szajewska@math.uwb.edu.pl

22. WAWRENIUK, Elwira

University of Białystok Białystok, Poland e.wawreniuk@uwb.edu.pl